Scenario: #1 - Electric Powered Pump 3 Hp or less

Scenario Description:

A 2 hp submersible electric-powered pump is installed in a well or structure; or a close-coupled 2 Hp electric-powered centrifugal pump is mounted on a platform. It is used for watering livestock as part of a prescribed grazing system; or for pressurizing a small irrigation system; or for transferring liquid waste in a waste transfer system.

Resource Concerns: Livestock Production Limitation - Inadequate livestock water; Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 516 - Livestock Pipeline; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 634 - Waste Transfer; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Livestock: The present gravity flow system is inadequate to provide the proper flow rate for a prescribed grazing system.

Irrigation: Available water is at an insufficient pressure to allow for even distribution of water.

Waste Transfer: Contaminated water needs to be moved to a containment facility.

After Situation:

Livestock: Water is transferred at a sufficient rate and pressure to meet the requirements of a prescribed grazing system.

Irrigation: A properly designed pump is installed to improve irrigation efficiency and reduce energy usage.

Waste Transfer: Liquid wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred to an appropriate treatment or storage facility. For all these scenarios a 2 hp electric pump is being used.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each

Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$1,837.49 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$1,837.49

Cost Details (by category):							
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost	
Equipment/Installation							
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	6	\$226.32	
Labor							
Supervisor or Manager	234	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	1	\$42.74	
Skilled Labor	230	Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc	Hour	\$39.79	6	\$238.74	
Materials							
Pump, ≤ 5 HP, pump and motor, variable cost portion	1010	Variable cost portion of a pump less than or equal to 5 HP pump and motor. This portion IS dependent on the total horsepower for the pump. The total cost of any pump will include this variable cost plus the fixed cost portion. The completed pump and moto	Horsepo wer	\$399.47	2	\$798.94	
Pump, ≤ 5 HP, pump and motor, fixed cost portion	1009	Fixed cost portion of a pump less than or equal to 5 HP pump and motor. This portion is a base cost and is not dependant on horsepower. The total cost of any pump will include this fixed cost plus a variable cost portion. The completed pump and motor will	Each	\$530.75	1	\$530.75	

Scenario: #2 - Electric Powered Pump 3 HP or less with Pressure Tank

Scenario Description:

A 2 Hp submersible electric-powered pump is installed in a well or structure; or a close-coupled 1 Hp electric-powered centrifugal pump is mounted on a platform. It is used for watering livestock as part of a prescribed grazing system; or for pressurizing a small irrigation system. Resource Concerns: Livestock Production Limitation - Inadequate livestock water; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water. Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 516 - Livestock Pipeline.

Before Situation:

Livestock: The present gravity flow system is inadequate to provide the proper flow rate for a prescribed grazing system. Irrigation: Available water is at an insufficient pressure to allow for even distribution of water.

After Situation:

Livestock: Water is transferred at a sufficient rate and pressure to meet the requirements of a prescribed grazing system.

Irrigation: A properly designed pump is installed to improve irrigation efficiency and reduce energy usage.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$2,575.49 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$2,575.49

Cost Details (by category Component Name		Component Description	Unit	Price (\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation		·		(3) unit		
Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, reinforced		Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$159.97	0.25	\$39.99
Fruck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	2	\$75.44
Labor						
Supervisor or Manager	234	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	1	\$42.74
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	10	\$222.20
Skilled Labor	230	Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc	Hour	\$39.79	10	\$397.90
Materials						
Pump, ≤ 5 HP, pump and motor, variable cost portion	1010	Variable cost portion of a pump less than or equal to 5 HP pump and motor. This portion IS dependent on the total horsepower for the pump. The total cost of any pump will include this variable cost plus the fixed cost portion. The completed pump and moto	Horsepo wer	\$399.47	2	\$798.94
Pump, ≤ 5 HP, pump and motor, fixed cost portion	1009	Fixed cost portion of a pump less than or equal to 5 HP pump and motor. This portion is a base cost and is not dependant on horsepower. The total cost of any pump will include this fixed cost plus a variable cost portion. The completed pump and motor will	Each	\$530.75	1	\$530.75
Pipe, PE, 1 ¼", DR 9	998	Materials: - 1 1/4" - PE - 160 psi - ASTM D3035 DR 9	Foot	\$1.10	10	\$11.00
Aggregate, Gravel, Graded	46	Gravel, includes materials, equipment and labor to transport and place. Includes washed and unwashed gravel.	Cubic yard	\$35.94	0.25	\$8.99
Pressure Tank, 40 gallon	1038	Pressure Tank, 40 gallon. Includes materials and shipping only.	Each	\$447.54	1	\$447.54

Scenario: #20 - Electric Powered Pump 3 Hp or less with pressure tank and pump housing

Scenario Description:

A 2 hp submersible electric-powered pump is installed in a well or structure; or a close-coupled 2 Hp electric-powered centrifugal pump is mounted on a platform. It is used for watering livestock as part of a prescribed grazing system; or for pressurizing a small irrigation system; or for transferring liquid waste in a waste transfer system.

Resource Concerns: Livestock Production Limitation - Inadequate livestock water; Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 516 - Livestock Pipeline; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 634 - Waste Transfer; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Livestock: The present gravity flow system is inadequate to provide the proper flow rate for a prescribed grazing system.

Irrigation: Available water is at an insufficient pressure to allow for even distribution of water.

Waste Transfer: Contaminated water needs to be moved to a containment facility.

After Situation:

Livestock: Water is transferred at a sufficient rate and pressure to meet the requirements of a prescribed grazing system.

Irrigation: A properly designed pump is installed to improve irrigation efficiency and reduce energy usage.

Waste Transfer: Liquid wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred to an appropriate treatment or storage facility. For all these scenarios a 2 hp electric pump is being used.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each

Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$7,216.42 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$7,216.42

Cost Details (by category	y):		Price			
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	16	\$603.52
Backhoe, 80 HP		Wheel mounted backhoe excavator with horsepower range of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$56.82	8	\$454.56
Crane, truck mounted, hydraulic, 12 ton		12 ton capacity truck mounted hydraulic crane. Equipment cost only.	Hour	\$91.68	4	\$366.72
Labor				·	•	-
Skilled Labor		Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc	Hour	\$39.79	10	\$397.90
General Labor		Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	12	\$266.64
Equipment Operators, Light		Includes: Skid Steer Loaders, Hydraulic Excavators <50 HP, Trenchers <12", Ag Equipment <150 HP, Pickup Trucks, Forklifts, Mulchers	Hour	\$22.43	4	\$89.72
Supervisor or Manager		Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	8	\$341.92
Materials	•			•	•	-
Pressure Tank, 40 gallon		Pressure Tank, 40 gallon. Includes materials and shipping only.	Each	\$447.54	1	\$447.54
Aggregate, Gravel, Graded		Gravel, includes materials, equipment and labor to transport and place. Includes washed and unwashed gravel.	Cubic yard	\$35.94	1	\$35.94

Materials

Pump, ≤ 5 HP, pump and motor, fixed cost portion		Fixed cost portion of a pump less than or equal to 5 HP pump and motor. This portion is a base cost and is not dependant on horsepower. The total cost of any pump will include this fixed cost plus a variable cost portion. The completed pump and motor will	Each	\$530.75	1	\$530.75
Pipe, PE, 1 ¼", DR 9	998	Materials: - 1 1/4" - PE - 160 psi - ASTM D3035 DR 9	Foot	\$1.10	20	\$22.00
Pump, ≤ 5 HP, pump and motor, variable cost portion		Variable cost portion of a pump less than or equal to 5 HP pump and motor. This portion IS dependent on the total horsepower for the pump. The total cost of any pump will include this variable cost plus the fixed cost portion. The completed pump and moto	Horsepo wer	\$399.47	2	\$798.94
Pumping Plant Pit, Concrete, 1200 Gallon		Precast concrete septic tank structure, 1200 gal capacity, with access port and ladder. Materials only.	Each	\$1,822.55	1	\$1,822.55
Mobilization						
Mobilization, medium equipment	1139	Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between 14,000 and 30,000 pounds.	Each	\$259.43	4	\$1,037.72

Scenario: #3 - Electric Powered Pump 3 to 10 HP

Scenario Description:

This is a close-coupled 7.5 Hp electric-powered centrifugal pump, mounted on a platform. It is for a large, high-pressure (200 psi) livestock pipeline, used for watering livestock as part of a prescribed grazing system; or for pressurizing a medium-sized (200 gpm and 40 psi) irrigation system; or a medium-sized (400 gpm and 20 psi) waste transfer system.

Resource Concerns: Livestock Production Limitation - Inadequate livestock water; Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 516 - Livestock Pipeline; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 634 - Waste Transfer; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Livestock: Current system consists of a series of medium pressure and inefficient pump stations to transport water to a distant and higherelevation watering facility. Irrigation: An existing irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly sized pump, that prevents efficient water application resulting in water loss and high energy use. Waste Transfer: Various types of semi-solid or liquid waste are uncollected causing surface and ground water issues. Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

After Situation:

Livestock: A single, efficient, high-pressure pumping plant is installed, eliminating intermediate pump stations, reducing energy use and enabling better system management. Irrigation: A properly designed and efficient pumping plant is installed, reducing energy use and improving irrigation efficiency. Waste Transfer: Collected wastes are now efficiently transferred to an appropriate treatment or storage facility.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each

Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$5,352.04 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$5,352.04

material and shipping

Cost Details (by category): **Price Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation \$37.72 Truck, Pickup 939 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Hour 24 \$905.28 37 Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a \$159.97 0.5 \$79.99 Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, Cubic reinforced slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 vard to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish. Labor Supervisor or Manager 234 Labor involving supervision or management activities. Hour \$42.74 24 \$1.025.76 Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc. 24 \$533.28 General Labor 231 Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, Hour \$22.22 shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc. Materials Pump, > 5 HP to 30 HP, pump 1011 Fixed cost portion of a pump between 5 and 30 HP, Each \$1.900.46 1 \$1.900.46 and motor, fixed cost portion including the pump and motor. This portion is a base cost for the pump and is not dependant on horsepower. The total cost will include this fixed cost plus a variable cost portion. Includes material and 7.5 Pump, > 5 HP to 30 HP, pump 1012 Variable cost portion of a pump between 5 and 30 HP, Horsepo \$120.97 \$907.28 and motor, variable cost including the pump and motor. This portion is dependent wer portion on the total horsepower for the pump. The total cost will include this variable cost plus a fixed cost portion. Includes

Scenario: #4 - Electric Powered Pump 10 to 40 HP

Scenario Description:

This is a close-coupled, 3-phase, 25 Hp electric-powered centrifugal pump mounted on a platform for pressurizing a medium-sized (600 gpm and 50 psi) sprinkler or large microirrigation (850 gpm and 35 psi) system or a large-sized surface irrigaiton system (1,200 gpm) or a large-sized (1,200 gpm and 25 psi) waste transfer system.

Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 634 - Waste Transfer; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Irrigation: An existing irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly sized pump that prevents efficient water application resulting in water loss and high energy use. Waste Transfer: Various types of semi-solid or liquid waste are uncollected causing surface and ground water issues. Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

After Situation:

Irrigation: A properly designed and efficient pumping plant is installed, reducing energy use and improving irrigation efficiency.

Waste Transfer: Collected wastes are now efficiently transferred to an appropriate treatment or storage facility or to a distribution system.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each

Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$12,585.51 **Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$12,585.51

Cost Details (by category	•			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation			_			_
Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, reinforced		Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$159.97	2	\$319.94
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	56	\$2,112.32
Backhoe, 80 HP		Wheel mounted backhoe excavator with horsepower range of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$56.82	8	\$454.56
Labor						
General Labor		Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	56	\$1,244.32
Equipment Operators, Heavy		Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$37.38	8	\$299.04
Skilled Labor		Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc.	Hour	\$39.79	8	\$318.32
Supervisor or Manager	234	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	56	\$2,393.44
Materials						
Pump, > 5 HP to 30 HP, pump and motor, fixed cost portion		Fixed cost portion of a pump between 5 and 30 HP, including the pump and motor. This portion is a base cost for the pump and is not dependent on horsepower. The total cost will include this fixed cost plus a variable cost portion. Includes material and	Each	\$1,900.46	1	\$1,900.46

Materials

Widterials					
Pump, > 5 HP to 30 HP, pump and motor, variable cost portion		Horsepo wer	\$120.97	25	\$3,024.25
	include this variable cost plus a fixed cost portion. Includes material and shipping				
Mobilization					
Mobilization, medium equipment	Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between 14,000 and 30,000 pounds.	Each	\$259.43	2	\$518.86

Scenario: #5 - Electric Powered Pump over 40 HP

Scenario Description:

This is a close-coupled, 3-phase, 50 Hp electric-powered centrifugal pump mounted on a platform for pressurizing a large-sized (1,200 gpm and 50 psi) sprinkler or very large microirrigation (1,700 gpm and 35 psi) system or a very large-sized surface irrigation system (2,800 gpm) or a very large-sized (2,400 gpm and 25 psi) waste transfer system.

Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 442 - Irrigation System, Sprinkler; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; and 634 - Waste Transfer.

Before Situation:

Irrigation: An existing irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly sized pump that prevents efficient water application resulting in water loss and high energy use.

After Situation:

Irrigation: A properly designed and efficient pumping plant is installed, reducing energy use and improving irrigation efficiency.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$16,770.84 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$16,770.84

Cost Details (by category	· -	Commonant Description	l lmit	Price	0	Cost
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation	1		I	14	I_	1
Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, reinforced	37	Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$159.97	2	\$319.94
Backhoe, 80 HP	926	Wheel mounted backhoe excavator with horsepower range of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$56.82	8	\$454.56
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	56	\$2,112.32
Labor						
Skilled Labor	230	Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc	Hour	\$39.79	8	\$318.32
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	56	\$1,244.32
Equipment Operators, Heavy	233	Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$37.38	8	\$299.04
Supervisor or Manager	234	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	56	\$2,393.44
Materials						
Pump, > 30 HP, pump and motor, fixed cost portion	1013	Fixed cost portion of a pump greater than 30 HP, including the pump and motor. This portion is a base cost for the pump and is not dependant on horsepower. The total cost will include this fixed cost plus a variable cost portion. Includes material and	Each	\$4,495.54	1	\$4,495.54
Pump, >30 HP, Pump and motor, variable cost portion	1014	Variable cost portion of a pump greater than 30 HP, including the pump and motor. This portion is dependent on the total horsepower for the pump. The total cost will include this variable cost plus a fixed cost portion. IIncludes material and shipping	Horsepo wer	\$92.29	50	\$4,614.50

Mobilization, medium	1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between	Each	\$259.43	2	\$518.86
equipment	14,000 and 30,000 pounds.				

Scenario: #6 - Variable Frequency Drive

Scenario Description:

This is an installation of electrical and electronic components designed to vary the frequency of the voltage to an electric motor and thus the ability to vary the speed of the motor. This directly affects pressure and flowrate. This also could give the operator the flexibility to operate several systems separately or at the same time. In many cases, electric pumps at or under 10 Hp are single phase and need to be replaced by a 3-phase motor that is not covered in this scenario.

Resource concerns: Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water; Inefficient energy use - Equipment and facilities and Farming/ranching practices and field operations.

Associated Practices: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 516 - Livestock Pipeline; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Standard electrical connection from electrical utility to pump motor. No capability to match pump output pressure and/or flowrate to field(s) need(s). Result is over/under pressure(s) and/or flow rate(s), possible hydraulic anomalies, energy loss, and or inefficient water application in the irrigation system.

After Situation:

VFD Modifications are implemented at the pump site to allow for varying the speed of a 40 Hp electric motor to match the pressure and flow requirements for a center pivot irrigation system.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Power Requirement

Scenario Unit: Horse Power **Scenario Typical Size:** 50

Scenario Cost: \$11,250.50 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$225.01

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Materials 50 Variable Speed Drive, 50 HP 1288 Variable speed drive for 50 Horsepower electric motor. Horsepo \$225.01 \$11,250.50 Does not include motor. Materials only. wer

Scenario: #7 - Internal Combustion Powered Pump 7.5HP or less

Scenario Description:

The typical scenario supports replacement of a pump in an existing irrigation system on cropland with a 5 HP pump. Size of pump is determined by required GPM and pressure derived from a design for specific irrigation system on cropland. Scenario could also be used for a 5 HP pump for silage leachate, barnyard runoff, and milk house waste (as part of a waste transfer system) at farm headquarters. The combination of higher solids content and volume require a larger horse power pump. This liquid manure pump is used to transfer semi-solid manure from a small reception pit located either below a barnyard or at the end of a free-stall barn or scrape alley.

Resource Concerns: Livestock Production Limitation - Inadequate livestock water; Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 442 - Irrigation System, Sprinkler; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 516 - Livestock Pipeline; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 634 - Waste Transfer; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Irrigation: Either an existing irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly-sized pump that leads to inefficient water delivery resulting in high energy costs,

or

Waste Transfer: various types of semi-solid or liquid waste at the headquarters is uncollected causing surface and ground water issues.

After Situation:

Irrigation Setting: For irrigation system, a properly designed pump is installed, reducing water and energy usage.

Waste Transfer Setting: For semi-solid or liquid waste, wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred to appropriate treatment or storage facilities or crop application. Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$3,345.57 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$3,345.57

Cost Details (by category	r):		Price			
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, reinforced	37	Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$159.97	0.25	\$39.99
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	2	\$75.44
Labor						
Supervisor or Manager	234	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	4	\$170.96
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	4	\$88.88
Materials						
Pump, < 50 HP, Pump & ICE power unit	1027	Materials, labor, controls: < 50 HP Pump & ICE power unit	Horsepo wer	\$594.06	5	\$2,970.30

Scenario: #8 - Internal Combustion Powered Pump 7.5 to 39 HP

Scenario Description:

The typical scenario supports installation of a pump in an existing irrigation system or installation of a new pump on cropland with a 10 BHP pump. Size of pump is determined by required GPM and pressure derived from a design for specific irrigation system on cropland. The combination of higher solids content and volume require a larger horse power pump. This liquid manure pump is used to transfer semisolid manure from a small reception pit located either below a barnyard or at the end of a free-stall barn or scrape alley. Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 -Irrigation Water Management; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 634 - Waste Transfer; 436 - Irrigation Reservoir; and 447 - Irrigation System, Tailwater Recovery; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Irrigation: Either an existing irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly-sized pump that leads to inefficient water delivery resulting in high energy costs,

Waste Transfer: various types of semi-solid or liquid waste at the headquarters is uncollected causing surface and ground water issues.

After Situation:

Irrigation Setting: For irrigation system, a properly designed pump is installed, reducing water and energy usage.

Waste Transfer Setting: For semi-solid or liquid waste, wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred to appropriate treatment or storage facilities or crop application. Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost/Unit: \$9,237.11 **Scenario Cost:** \$9,237.11

Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	Price (\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, reinforced		Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$159.97	1	\$159.97
Backhoe, 80 HP		Wheel mounted backhoe excavator with horsepower range of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$56.82	8	\$454.56
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	4	\$150.88
Labor						
Skilled Labor		Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc.	Hour	\$39.79	8	\$318.32
General Labor		Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	32	\$711.04
Equipment Operators, Heavy		Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$37.38	8	\$299.04
Supervisor or Manager		Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	16	\$683.84
Materials						
Pump, < 50 HP, Pump & ICE power unit	1027	Materials, labor, controls: < 50 HP Pump & ICE power unit	Horsepo wer	\$594.06	10	\$5,940.60

Mobilization, medium	1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between	Each	\$259.43	2	\$518.86
equipment	14,000 and 30,000 pounds.				

Scenario: #9 - Internal Combustion Powered Pump 40 to 75 HP

Scenario Description:

The typical scenario supports installation of a pump in an existing irrigation system or installation of a new pump on cropland with a 71 BHP pump. Size of pump is determined by required GPM and pressure derived from a design for specific irrigation system on cropland. The combination of higher solids content and volume require a larger horse power pump. This liquid manure pump is used to transfer semi-solid manure from a small reception pit located either below a barnyard or at the end of a free-stall barn or scrape alley.

Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 634 - Waste Transfer; 436 - Irrigation Reservoir; and 447 - Irrigation System, Tailwater Recovery; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Irrigation: Either an existing irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly-sized pump that leads to inefficient water delivery resulting in high energy costs,

or

Waste Transfer: various types of semi-solid or liquid waste at the headquarters is uncollected causing surface and ground water issues.

After Situation:

Irrigation Setting: For irrigation system, a properly designed pump is installed, reducing water and energy usage.

Waste Transfer Setting: For semi-solid or liquid waste, wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred to appropriate treatment or storage facilities or crop application. Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	Price (\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	4	\$150.88
Backhoe, 80 HP		Wheel mounted backhoe excavator with horsepower range of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$56.82	8	\$454.56
Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, reinforced		Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$159.97	1	\$159.97
Labor						
General Labor		Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	32	\$711.04
Equipment Operators, Heavy		Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$37.38	8	\$299.04
Supervisor or Manager		Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	16	\$683.84
Skilled Labor		Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc.	Hour	\$39.79	8	\$318.32
Materials			-			
Pump, > 70 HP, Pump & ICE power unit	1029	Materials, labor, controls: > 70 HP Pump & ICE power unit	Horsepo wer	\$361.47	71	\$25,664.3

Mobilization, medium	1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between	Each	\$259.43	2	\$518.86
equipment	14,000 and 30,000 pounds.				

Scenario: #10 - Internal Combustion Powered Pump over 75 HP

Scenario Description:

The typical scenario supports replacement of a pump in an existing irrigation system or installation of a new pump on cropland that is 75 break HP pump or larger. Size of pump is determined by required GPM and pressure derived from a design for specific irrigation system on cropland. Scenario could also be used for a pump for silage leachate, barnyard runoff, and milk house waste (as part of a waste transfer system) at farm headquarters.

Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 634 - Waste Transfer; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Irrigation: Either an existing irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly-sized pump that leads to inefficient water delivery resulting in high energy costs,

or

Waste Transfer: various types of semi-solid or liquid waste at the headquarters is uncollected causing surface and ground water issues.

After Situation:

Irrigation Setting: For irrigation system, a properly designed pump is installed, reducing water and energy usage.

Waste Transfer Setting: For semi-solid or liquid waste, wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred to appropriate treatment or storage facilities or crop application. Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

Scenario Feature Measure: Pump Size Matchs need

Scenario Unit: Each

Scenario Typical Size: 1

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation \$159.97 Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, 37 Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a Cubic 2 \$319.94 reinforced slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 yard to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish. Truck, Pickup 939 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Hour \$37.72 \$226.32 8 Backhoe, 80 HP 926 Wheel mounted backhoe excavator with horsepower range Hour \$56.82 \$454.56 of 60 to 90. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Labor

Supervisor or Manager	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	24	\$1,025.76
General Labor	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	48	\$1,066.56
Skilled Labor	Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc.	Hour	\$39.79	8	\$318.32
Equipment Operators, Heavy	Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$37.38	8	\$299.04

Materials

Pump, > 70 HP, Pump & ICE	1029 Materials, labor, controls:	> 70 HP Pump & ICE power unit	Horsepo	\$361.47	100	\$36,147.00
power unit			wer			

Mobilization, medium	1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between	Each	\$259.43	2	\$518.86
equipment	14,000 and 30,000 pounds.				

Scenario: #11 - Windmill Powered Pump

Scenario Description:

A windmill is installed in order to supply a reliable water source for livestock and/or wildlife. The windmill includes the tower, concrete footings, wheel blade unit, sucker rod, down pipe, gear box, pump, plumbing, and well head protection concrete pad. The typical scenario will be a windmill system with a 10 ft diameter mill and 27-foot tower which is pumping from a 150-foot well. As a result of installing this windmill, resource concerns of inadequate stock water, plant establishment, growth, productivity, health, and vigor, and water quantity can be addressed.

Resource Concerns: Insufficient stockwater.

Before Situation:

In a rangeland or pasture setting, a reliable source of water for livestock is not available, or the spacing between water sources is such that grazing distribution and plant health are adversely impacted.

After Situation:

A windmill, with a wheel ranging from 6' to 16' in diameter, will be installed over a well that is located to provide a reliable source of livestock water at the rate of at least 2 gpm, to facilitate proper grazing distribution and improved plant health. To increase reliability, water is pumped into a storage tank to provide a given number of days of supply. Installation includes the footings, wellhead protection concrete pad, tower, gear box, sail, sucker rod, down hole accessories, and a short outlet pipe to a storage tank.

Scenario Feature Measure: Each Mill Wheel

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$10,159.95 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$10,159.95

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation Aerial lift, telescoping bucket 1893 Aerial lift, bucket truck or cherry picker, typical 40' boom. Hour \$47.14 \$377.12 Equipment only. 37 Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a \$159.97 \$319.94 Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, Cubic reinforced slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 vard to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish. Truck, Pickup 939 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Hour \$37.72 4 \$150.88 Labor \$42.74 16 \$683.84 Supervisor or Manager 234 Labor involving supervision or management activities. Hour Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc. \$711.04 32 General Labor 231 Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, Hour \$22.22 shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc. Materials Windmill, 10', fan diameter 1036 Includes materials costs for windmill head and 27' tower \$7,398.27 1 \$7,398.27 Each Mobilization Mobilization, medium 1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between Each \$259.43 2 \$518.86 14,000 and 30,000 pounds. equipment

Scenario: #12 - Photovoltaic Powered Pump

Scenario Description:

The typical scenario assumes installation of a submersible solar-powered pump in a well or a live stream. The installation includes the pump, wiring, drop pipe, solar panels, mounts, inverter, and all appurtenances. Note: It is generally not advisable to use a storage battery for a number of reasons. A storage tank is generally the most efficient method to store energy. Grazing - Livestock exclusion from surface water will result in improved surface water quality and reduced erosion. Irrigation - energy consumption will be reduced and the increased pressure and flow rates will improve irrigation efficiency.

Resource Concerns: Insufficient stockwater.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 382 - Fence; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 436 - Irrigation Reservoir; 516 - Livestock Pipeline; 561 - Heavy Use Area Protection; and, 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Livestock: Inadequate supply or location of water for a prescribed grazing system. Eroded stream banks and degraded water quality due to livestock access to stream. Cattle are not well-distributed because of remote water location. Irrigation: Pressure and flow rate is insufficient for uniform irrigation.

After Situation:

The typical scenario assumes installation of a 600-watt photovoltaic (PV) panel, capable of operating a 1/4 Hp (0.25 Hp) solar-powered submersible pump in a well or other water source (Notes: 1) A PV panel is rated under standard and ideal conditions which will most likely not be replicated in the field; 2) 1 Hp is defined as 746 watts; 3) It is reasonable to expect a 1/4 Hp solar-powered submersible pump to deliver about 1.5 gpm and develop a pressure at the pump outlet of about 60 psi.). The installation includes the pump, wiring, pipeline in the well, solar panels, frame mounts, inverter, and all appurtenances. Water will be pumped to an existing storage tank at a higher elevation from which it will be used to pressurize the Livestock Pipeline (516) or Irrigation Pipeline (430). Grazing - Livestock exclusion from surface water will result in improved surface water quality and reduced erosion. Grazing has potential to be well distributed. Irrigation: Improved pressure and flow rate will improve irrigation efficiency.

Scenario Feature Measure: Solar Pump

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$7,145.41 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$7,145.41

Cost Details (by category	r):			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	8	\$301.76
Labor						
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	16	\$355.52
Supervisor or Manager	234	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	2	\$85.48
Materials						
Solar Pumping System, Variable Cost Portion	2496	Variable cost portion of a solar powered pumping system. This portion IS dependent upon the total kilowatts of the photovoltaic panels, but also includes the pumping plant, support braces, electric controllers, service drop, etc. The total cost will inc	Kilowatt	\$5,552.47	0.6	\$3,331.48
Solar Pumping System, Fixed Cost Portion	2495	Fixed cost portion of a solar powered pumping system. This portion is a base cost for a complete system including the photovoltaic panels, pumping plant, support braces, electric controllers, service drop, etc., and is not dependant on KiloWatt. The tot	Each	\$2,796.17	1	\$2,796.17
Pipe, PE, 1 ¼", DR 9	998	Materials: - 1 1/4" - PE - 160 psi - ASTM D3035 DR 9	Foot	\$1.10	250	\$275.00

Practice: 533 - Pumping Plant Scenario: #13 - Water Ram Pump

Scenario Description:

A water ram is used to transfer water from a live stream to a Watering Facility (614) or small Irrigation Reservoir (436) utilizing the energy of moving water to transfer a portion of that water to a higher elevation. It is anchored to a small concrete pad. Bypass water (which could easily be 90% of the water diverted from the stream) is returned to the stream or transferred in a pipe, to a lower elevation tank (614 or 436), without erosion or impairment to water quality. In the livestock scenario, the objective is to provide water to the cattle outside of a live stream or other natural water source thereby eliminating a significant erosion situation while also improving water quality. The cattle thus have access to drinking water without having to enter the stream. The water ram may need to be fenced for protection from curious bovines. While it is generally not considered practical for irrigation, in the irrigation scenario, water can be retrieved from a stream and stored in a small 436 to provide water for a very small (0.1 acre) irrigation system.

Resource Concerns: Insufficient stockwater.

Associated Practices: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 382 - Fence; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 436 - Irrigation Reservoir; 516 - Livestock Pipeline; 561 - Heavy Use Area Protection; and, 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Water in a nearby stream is not available at the desired location, pressure and/or flow rate.

After Situation:

A 2" diameter inlet pipe is installed and connected to a water ram pump with all appurtenances and anchored to a concrete pad (9 ft x 4 ft x 5 in) or other appropriate secure base. Depending upon the application, either a 1-inch diameter Livestock Pipeline (516) or an Irrigation Pipeline (430) is installed from the water ram to a 5,000 gallon storage facility. Improved water quantity or quality, grazing management, plant diversity, animal health, and/or irrigation purposes as outlined in the appropriate NRCS irrigation system standard. A 2" water ram, with 10 gpm of inlet flow and 10 feet of drop, can supply about 1.0 gpm to a location about 50 feet higher than the water ram.

Scenario Feature Measure: Number of Ram Pumps

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$1,507.63 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$1,507.63

Cost Details (by category	/):			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, reinforced	37	Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$159.97	0.5	\$79.99
Truck, Pickup	939	Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$37.72	8	\$301.76
Labor						
Supervisor or Manager	234	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	8	\$341.92
General Labor	231	Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$22.22	8	\$177.76
Materials						
Pump, Ram	1114	Ram pump kit, 2 inch. Includes materials and shipping only.	Each	\$551.20	1	\$551.20
Pipe, PE, 1 ¼", DR 9	998	Materials: - 1 1/4" - PE - 160 psi - ASTM D3035 DR 9	Foot	\$1.10	50	\$55.00

Scenario: #14 - Livestock Nose Pump

Scenario Description:

A Nose Pump is a diaphragm pump located in a pasture for the purpose of providing water to cattle. For a permanent installation, it is typical to also install Heavy Use Area Protection (561) (separate contract item) where the cattle congregate around the pump. It is powered and operated by cattle to transfer water from a stream to a drinking bowl. The objective is to provide water to the cattle outside of a live stream or other natural water source thereby eliminating a significant erosion situation and while also improving water quality. The cattle thus have access to drinking water without having to enter the stream. Generally one nose pump is adequate for 20 cattle.

Resource Concerns: Insufficient stockwater; Inefficient energy use - Equipment and facilities.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 382 - Fence; 516 - Livestock Pipeline; 561 - Heavy Use Area Protection; and, 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Livestock have open access to a live stream or other existing natural water supply. Water supply is contaminated due to animal activity and stream banks are eroded on a daily basis. Improper cattle distribution results in poor water quality, poor grazing distribution, over grazing, and soil erosion.

After Situation:

One nose pump is installed with all appurtenances anchored to concrete pad with 6"x6"x10 Gauge reinforcement wire (9 ft x 4 ft x 5 in) or other appropriate secure base to supply water to cattle for improved livestock herd management. Additional Heavy Use Area Protection (561) in the form of crushed rock and at least 5 feet wide, may be installed (separate contract item) surrounding the concrete pad. Improved: water quality, soil quality, grazing management, plant diversity, and animal health.

Scenario Feature Measure: Number of Pumps

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$514.29 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$514.29

Cost Details (by categor	y):			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Labor						
Skilled Labor	230	Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc	Hour	\$39.79	1	\$39.79
Supervisor or Manager	234	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	1	\$42.74
Materials	·		•	·		•
Aggregate, Gravel, Graded	46	Gravel, includes materials, equipment and labor to transport and place. Includes washed and unwashed gravel.	Cubic yard	\$35.94	1.2	\$43.13
Nose Pump	1052	Materials and delivery.	Each	\$361.13	1	\$361.13
Pipe, PE, 1 ¼", DR 9	998	Materials: - 1 1/4" - PE - 160 psi - ASTM D3035 DR 9	Foot	\$1.10	25	\$27.50

Scenario: #15 - Electric or Ram Manure Pump

Scenario Description:

This scenario involves a eletric driven pump to transfer semi-solid/ liquid manure (as part of a waste transfer system) at the farm headquarters to a Waste Storage Facility - 313. Electricity is readily available and is a practical alternative. Another variation would be a electric motor driven horizontal ram pump set in a concrete base for small operations to transfer semi-solid/ liquid manure.

Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters

Associated Practices include: 590 - Nutrient Management; 378 - Pond; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 367 - Roofs and Covers; and 634 - Waste Transfer.

Before Situation:

Waste Transfer Setting: various types of semi-solid or liquid waste at the headquarters are uncollected causing surface and ground water issues. A transfer method for waste is needed. Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

After Situation:

Wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred from a Waste Storage Facility (313) to an appropriate treatment facility. Typical farm does not have 3 phase power. Maximum motor size is 10 hp but with delayed start can use 2 motors, thus use (2) 10 hp electric motors to run vertical shaft pump that will typically will move 300-600 gallons per minute and is kept mounted at that location. A similar substitution would be a Hydralic ram pump driven by an electric motor. Awaiting new cost component to use for a Vertical shaft pump, 10' deep powered by Twin 10 HP motors to allow use on single phase power

Scenario Feature Measure: Each pump

Scenario Unit: Each

Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$11,398.00 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$11,398.00

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Labor Supervisor or Manager 234 Labor involving supervision or management activities. Hour \$42.74 1 \$42.74 Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc. 3 Skilled Labor 230 Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, Hour \$39.79 \$119.37 welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc. Materials Pump, > 5 HP to 30 HP, pump 1011 Fixed cost portion of a pump between 5 and 30 HP, Each \$1,900.46 \$3,800.92 and motor, fixed cost portion including the pump and motor. This portion is a base cost for the pump and is not dependant on horsepower. The total cost will include this fixed cost plus a variable cost portion. Includes material and 20 1012 Variable cost portion of a pump between 5 and 30 HP, \$120.97 \$2,419.40 Pump, > 5 HP to 30 HP, pump Horsepo and motor, variable cost including the pump and motor. This portion is dependent wer portion on the total horsepower for the pump. The total cost will include this variable cost plus a fixed cost portion. Includes material and shipping Pump, > 5 HP to 30 HP, pump \$120.97 20 \$2,419.40 1012 Variable cost portion of a pump between 5 and 30 HP, Horsepo and motor, variable cost including the pump and motor. This portion is dependent wer portion on the total horsepower for the pump. The total cost will include this variable cost plus a fixed cost portion. Includes material and shipping Effluent pump appertenances 2162 Controller for pump system with timer, event counter and Each \$2,596.17 1 \$2,596.17 run time meter, 3 float switch assembly and alarm system with electrical connections.

Scenario: #16 - Large piston Manure Pump

Scenario Description:

This scenario involves a large piston pump with hopper used to transfer heavily bedded manure or sand laden manure (as part of a waste transfer system) at the farm headquarters to a Waste Storage Facility - 313. Pump is set in concrete pit. Additional safety value is required. Site topography or limited space requires transfer of wastes to other location. Gravity not an option.

Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters;

Associated Practices include: 590 - Nutrient Management; 378 - Pond; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 367 - Roofs and Covers; and 634 - Waste Transfer and Roofs and Cover(367)

Before Situation:

Waste Transfer Setting: various types of semi-solid or liquid waste at the headquarters are uncollected causing surface and ground water issues. A transfer method for waste is needed. Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

After Situation:

A large piston pump with hopper set in a concrete pit used to transfer semi-solid manure with sand (as part of a waste transfer system) at the farm headquarters from a Waste Storage Facility - 313. An additional value is installed to allow access to pump for repairs. Wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred from a Waste Storage Facility (313) to an appropriate treatment facility.

Scenario Feature Measure: Each pump

Scenario Unit: Each

Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$35,360.49 **Scenario Cost/Unit:** \$35,360.49

Cost Details (by category Component Name	'): ID	Component Description	Unit	Price (\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation		Component Description	<u> </u>	(S/UNIL)	Quantity	
Truck, Concrete Pump	1211	Concrete pump, normally truck mounted. Use this item in association with other concrete components when job requires placement by other than normal chutes. Include drive and setup time in quantity; therefore, do not include mobilization. Includes equi	Hour	\$197.60	2	\$395.20
Concrete, CIP, slab on grade, reinforced	37	Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed as a slab on grade by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$159.97	1.5	\$239.96
Hydraulic Excavator, 1 CY	931	Track mounted hydraulic excavator with bucket capacity range of 0.8 to 1.5 CY. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$115.72	8	\$925.76
Concrete, CIP, formed reinforced	38	Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed in formed structures such as walls or suspended slabs by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$505.45	4	\$2,021.80
Labor				•	•	•
Supervisor or Manager	234	Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	2	\$85.48
Equipment Operators, Heavy	233	Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$37.38	8	\$299.04
Materials		·				
Swing Check Valve, metal, 12"	2082	12" swing check valve for back flow prevention, ductile iron metal body with flange mount and lever shaft. Materials only.	Each	\$4,014.58	1	\$4,014.58
Aggregate, Gravel, Graded	46	Gravel, includes materials, equipment and labor to transport and place. Includes washed and unwashed gravel.	Cubic yard	\$35.94	1.5	\$53.91

Materials

Pump, Manure, Solid Piston		Pump, Manure, Solid Piston, Hydraulically Actuated, 12" or greater discharge, 7.5 HP w/ accessories. Includes delivery.	Each	\$26,546.47	1	\$26,546.47
Mobilization						
Mobilization, medium	1139	Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between	Each	\$259.43	3	\$778.29
equipment		14,000 and 30,000 pounds.				

Scenario: #17 - <50gpm Irrg PTO pump

Scenario Description:

This scenario involves a smaller capacity PTO driven pump to transfer water for an irrigation system from a Pond - 378 (includes backflow prevention as appropriate) or other suitable water source to cropland. PTO driven pump is selected because the landowner has equipment available to supply power to the pump. Electricity is not readily available and/or a stationary engine is not a practical alternative.

Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 442 - Irrigation System, Sprinkler; 449 - Irrigation Water Management

Before Situation:

Irrigation Setting: An existing surface irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly sized pump that leads to inefficient water delivery resulting in high energy costs; Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

After Situation:

Irrigation Setting: A properly designed PTO-driven pump is installed, to transfer water to an Irrigation Pipeline (430) or Irrigation Canal or Lateral (320). The pump typically will move 30 gallons per minute(irrigation)

Scenario Feature Measure: Each pump

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$770.56 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$770.56

Cost Details (by category	st Details (by category):							
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost		
Labor								
Supervisor or Manager		Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	1	\$42.74		
Materials								
Aggregate, gravel, washed, pea gravel	1331	Washed and graded pea gravel river stone. Includes materials and local delivery within 20 miles of quarry.	Cubic Yard	\$39.62	3	\$118.86		
Pump, Ag Water PTO, 22 GPM	1115	Ag Water PTO Pump, 22 GPM, 1" diameter. Includes materials, labor, controls and shipping.	Each	\$608.96	1	\$608.96		

Scenario: #18 - 50 to 500 gpm PTO Pump

Scenario Description:

This scenario involves a PTO driven pump to transfer water for an irrigation system from a Pond - 378 (includes backflow prevention as appropriate) or other suitable water source to cropland. PTO driven pump is selected because the landowner has equipment available to supply power to the pump. Electricity is not readily available and/or a stationary engine is not a practical alternative.

Waste Transfer: PTO pump can also be used to transfer low solids manure from existing waste storage facility to remote storage or in pipeline for final application on land.

Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 442 - Irrigation System, Sprinkler; 449 - Irrigation Water Management

Before Situation:

Irrigation Setting: An existing surface irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly sized pump that leads to inefficient water delivery resulting in high energy costs; Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

After Situation:

Irrigation Setting: A properly designed PTO-driven pump is installed, to transfer water to an Irrigation Pipeline (430) or Irrigation Canal or Lateral (320). Waste Transfer Setting: Wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred from a Waste Storage Facility (313) to an appropriate treatment facility or to an irrigation system. The pump typically will move 300 gallons per minute(irrigation) or 200 gpm (waste) and is portable so that it can be used at several locations.

Scenario Feature Measure: Each pump

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$3,940.75 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$3,940.75

gravel.

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Labor Supervisor or Manager 234 Labor involving supervision or management activities. Hour \$42.74 1 \$42.74 Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc. Materials Pump, Ag Water PTO, 300 GPM 1116 Ag water PTO Pump, 300 GPM, 3" diameter. Includes Each \$3,790.19 1 \$3,790.19 materials, labor, controls and shipping. 46 Gravel, includes materials, equipment and labor to Cubic \$35.94 3 \$107.82 Aggregate, Gravel, Graded transport and place. Includes washed and unwashed vard

Scenario: #19 - >500 gpm PTO Pump

Scenario Description:

This scenario involves a PTO driven pump to transfer water for an irrigation system from a Pond - 378 (includes backflow prevention as appropriate) or other suitable water source to cropland. PTO driven pump is selected because the landowner has equipment available to supply power to the pump. Electricity is not readily available and/or a stationary engine is not a practical alternative.

Waste Transfer: PTO pump can also be used to transfer low solids manure from existing waste storage facility to remote storage or in pipeline for final application on land.

Resource Concerns: Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 442 - Irrigation System, Sprinkler; 449 - Irrigation Water Management, Waste Transfer

Before Situation:

Irrigation Setting: An existing surface irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly sized pump that leads to inefficient water delivery resulting in high energy costs; Due to topography, gravity transfer is not possible and a properly sized pump is needed to transfer waste as part of a waste transfer system.

After Situation:

Irrigation Setting: A properly designed PTO-driven pump is installed, to transfer water to an Irrigation Pipeline (430) or Irrigation Canal or Lateral (320). Waste Transfer Setting: Wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred from a Waste Storage Facility (313) to an appropriate treatment facility or to an irrigation system. The pump typically will move 300 gallons per minute(irrigation) or 200 gpm (waste) and is portable so that it can be used at several locations.

Scenario Feature Measure: Each

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$9,371.13 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$9,371.13

Cost Details (by category):

cost Betails (by category	· /·			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Labor						
Supervisor or Manager		Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$42.74	1	\$42.74
Materials						
Pump, Ag Water PTO, 1,000 GPM		Materials, labor, controls: Ag Water PTO Pump 1,000 GPM - 8"	Each	\$9,266.44	1	\$9,266.44
Aggregate, Gravel, Ungraded, Quarry Run	1099	Includes materials, equipment and labor	Cubic yard	\$24.78	2.5	\$61.95

Scenario: #20 - 1 hp pump or Siphon or Flout

Scenario Description:

A 1 hp submersible electric-powered pump is installed in a well or structure; or a close-coupled 1 Hp electric-powered centrifugal pump is mounted on a platform. It is used for watering livestock as part of a prescribed grazing system; or for pressurizing a small irrigation system; or for transferring liquid waste in a waste transfer system it can be a 1 hp pump or for gravity situations an equal alternative is a siphon or flout to dose or transfer wastes.

Resource Concerns: Livestock Production Limitation - Inadequate livestock water; Water Quality degradation - Excess nutrients in surface and ground waters; Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management; 516 - Livestock Pipeline; 313 - Waste Storage Facility; 634 - Waste Transfer; and 614 - Watering Facility.

Before Situation:

Livestock: The present gravity flow system is inadequate to provide the proper flow rate for a prescribed grazing system.

Irrigation: Available water is at an insufficient pressure to allow for even distribution of water.

Waste Transfer: Contaminated water needs to be moved to a containment facility.

After Situation:

Livestock: Water is transferred at a sufficient rate and pressure to meet the requirements of a prescribed grazing system.

Irrigation: A properly designed pump is installed to improve irrigation efficiency and reduce energy usage.

Waste Transfer: Liquid wastes that have been collected through a waste transfer system are now efficiently transferred to an appropriate treatment or storage facility. Sites that support gravity flow but need dosing can also use a siphon or flout to accomplish the transfer.

Scenario Feature Measure: Each

Scenario Unit: Each

chano ome.

Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$1,130.05 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$1,130.05

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation Truck, Pickup 939 Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. Hour \$37.72 1 \$37.72 Labor Supervisor or Manager 234 Labor involving supervision or management activities. Hour \$42.74 1 \$42.74 Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc. 3 \$119.37 Skilled Labor 230 Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, Hour \$39.79 welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc. Materials 1009 Fixed cost portion of a pump less than or equal to 5 HP Pump, ≤ 5 HP, pump and Each \$530.75 1 \$530.75 motor, fixed cost portion pump and motor. This portion is a base cost and is not dependant on horsepower. The total cost of any pump will include this fixed cost plus a variable cost portion. The completed pump and motor will \$399.47 Pump, ≤ 5 HP, pump and 1010 Variable cost portion of a pump less than or equal to 5 HP Horsepo \$399.47 motor, variable cost portion pump and motor. This portion IS dependent on the total wer

horsepower for the pump. The total cost of any pump will include this variable cost plus the fixed cost portion. The

completed pump and moto

Practice: 533 - Pumping Plant Scenario: #21 - Turbine Pump

Scenario Description:

The typical scenario is for a 700 GPM pump and supports replacement of a pump in an existing irrigation system or installation of a new pump on cropland. Size of pump is determined by required GPM and pressure derived from a design for specific irrigation system on cropland.

Resource Concerns: Insufficient water - Inefficient use of irrigation water.

Associated Practices include: 374 - Farmstead Energy Improvement; 430 - Irrigation Pipeline; 441 - Irrigation System, Microirrigation; 449 - Irrigation Water Management;

Before Situation:

Irrigation: Either an existing irrigation system employs an inefficient, improperly-sized pump that leads to inefficient water delivery resulting in high energy costs.

After Situation:

Irrigation Setting: For irrigation system, a properly designed pump is installed, reducing water and energy usage.

Scenario Feature Measure: 1 Pump

Scenario Unit: Each
Scenario Typical Size: 1

Scenario Cost: \$11,170.60 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$11,170.60

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation Pump, Turbine, Cast Iron, 2149 Variable cost portion of cast iron turbine pump with Gallons \$4.05 700 \$2,835.00 variable cost portion appurtenances. Includes pump, appurtenances, and labor per to install. Minute \$8,335.60 2148 Fixed cost portion of cast iron turbine pump with Each 1 Pump, Turbine, Cast Iron, \$8,335.60 fixed cost portion appurtenances. Includes pump, appurtenances, and labor to install.